## **Yoshi Okamoto -** University of Maryland, College Park Split antecedents à la movement

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There are many attempts to reduce binding theory to the theory of movement (see for instance Hornstein 1999). Cases of split antecedents -- as in (2), the grammatical Japanese counterpart of (1) -- pose a potential challenge for this enterprise. Movement from the same position to two different targets is implausible here (and impossible given the details of Hornstein's theory).

- (1) \* John<sub>i</sub> told Mary<sub>i</sub> about themselves<sub>i&i</sub>
- (2) John<sub>i</sub>-ga Mary<sub>j</sub>-ni karera-zishin<sub>i&j</sub>-nitsuite hanashita John-NOM Mary-DAT them-selves-about told 'John told Mary about themselves'

## **References**

Hornstein, N. (1999) "Is the Binding Theory Necessary?" ms., University of Maryland, College Park.